## **Living Water Fellowship Wagga Wagga**



# Safeguarding Children and Vulnerable People

A CHILD PROTECTION POLICY

**CODE OF CONDUCT** 

**AND PROCEDURES** 

2020

## Section 1. CHILD PROTECTION POLICY

#### 1. INTRODUCTION

#### 1.1 Policy Statement: A Commitment to Child Protection

The purpose of this Policy is to guide Living Water Fellowship in developing a child-protective culture. Living Water Fellowship is committed to welcoming children and their parents or carers and providing a 'child-safe' environment, culture and programs for children and other vulnerable people who attend the services and other programs. We see such a commitment as flowing naturally from our vision and mission to operate according to biblical, Christian principles for living and for recognising the unique value and potential of every person, regardless of race, age, gender, ability or disability.

All children who come to Living Water Fellowship have a right to feel and be safe. The welfare of children in our care will be a high priority. The authorised leaders accept the responsibility of providing a safe and friendly environment where children are listened to, feel safe, have fun, accept challenges, learn and grow. This duty of care applies at all times. When children attend church and remain with their parents or carers, then the parents or carers have the primary duty of care.

We recognise the particular need for sensitivity for those from culturally or linguistically diverse backgrounds, including those with Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander heritage. We take into consideration the needs of children with disabilities and seek to include them and make them feel safe and welcome.

This Policy recognises both Federal and State legislation and commits workers to responsibly and reasonably cooperating with Government departments, law enforcement and child protection agencies. The operational principles of our Code of Conduct support and facilitate the protection of children and young people.

#### 1.2 Scope:

The provisions and duties of care expressed in this Child Protection Policy apply to:

- Ministers. A minister of religion is: A person defined or appointed as a recognised leader in an organised religious institution; or the appointed leader of a local religious congregation in an organised religious institution who has general authority.
- The Steering Team, pastors, all employees (including volunteers) members and adherents/regular attenders
- All employees (including volunteers) members and adherents/regular attenders.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>It is recognized that no organisation can guarantee the safety of children and other vulnerable people who are on site at a venue. The term 'child-safe' means that child safety is paramount to this organisation, that it has compliant policies and procedural documents and that risk identification and mitigation practices are embedded in the culture.

- All activities and programs organised by or with the approval of Living Water
   Fellowship, on the premises or off-site, including camps and day trips.
- Contractors, subcontractors, delivery persons or others engaged to provide services
  on the premises, particularly if they any contact with children whilst on site. Where
  possible, such temporary visitors to Living Water Fellowship premises will be provided
  with an Induction Pack and required to sign their willingness to comply with the
  expectations outlined. All activities and programs organised by or with the approval
  of Living Water Fellowship, on the premises or off-site, including camps and day trips.

#### 1.3 Authority

This Child Protection Policy and Code of Conduct was revised and updated to reflect the most recent changes to State and Federal law and guidelines towards being a child-safe organisation.

It was approved by the Steering Team and adopted for use by Living Water Fellowship on September 13, 2020.

#### **1.4 Policy Review**

The Child Protection Policy, Procedures and Code of Conduct will be reviewed at least every two years, or to remain compliant with new legislation.

Any proposed changes or updates will be submitted to the Steering Team of Living Water Fellowship for approval at a properly convened meeting for approval before being adopted and implemented.

#### **1.5 Operating Principles**

**Duty of Care:** Means any legal responsibility that Living Water Fellowship has to ensure the safety and wellbeing of those who participate in programs or activities of Living Water Fellowship.

*Vicarious Liability:* Means any legal liability that Living Water Fellowship may be determined to have for the conduct of those who act on its behalf (e.g. its staff and approved voluntary leaders).

**Reasonable Standard of Care:** Refers to the level of care that a user may reasonably expect that Living Water Fellowship will take in providing any program, activity, service, or facility.

**Reasonable Foresight:** Refers to a responsibility that Living Water Fellowship has, when planning activities for children and young people, to identify any reasonably foreseen danger/risk and take reasonable steps to prevent or avert such risk.

**Child Protection Reporting Obligations:** This principle covers mandatory reporting, for those professions and roles that are defined by law, and the moral and legal responsibility that all adults have to report all types of known or possible child abuse, where there is a reasonable belief that a physical or sexual offence has occurred or may be committed against a child

**Reasonable belief:** A person may form a belief on reasonable grounds, through disclosure by the child or a third party or personal observation of indicators that a child is in need of protection after becoming aware that a child or young person's health, safety or wellbeing is at risk.

## 2. Safety and Participation for Children

The staff and leadership of Living Water Fellowship encourage children to feel a part of Living Water Fellowship by seeking their feedback regarding children's programs, and through listening to them when they speak about matters that directly affect their sense of safety or wellbeing.

Part of our work with children is to *teach and inform* them of what they can do if they feel unsafe, threatened or upset by the behaviour of adults or other children. *We will listen to and act on* any concerns children or their parents/carers raise with us.

We value diversity and do not tolerate discrimination in our words or practices or in those of others.

We are committed to protecting children from harm. 'Harm', as used in this policy, includes any and all of the following types of abuse or neglect of children and young people: physical; sexual; emotional/psychological; racial/cultural or spiritual/religious. (See Appendix 6)

#### 2.1 Feedback from Children

Children and young adults will have the opportunity to reflect on their experience of church programs and to make comments regarding the standard of planning for and delivery of programs for their age-group. We will invite comments on other aspects of wellbeing, including staff conduct. Such feedback will inform Living Water Fellowship and guide adjustments to practices, programs and training. (See Appendix 7)

## 3. Employment of Staff and Volunteer Leaders

#### 3.1 Recruitment, screening and selection practices

Living Water Fellowship will be vigilant in the recruitment, selection and screening of all staff, contractors, leaders and volunteers to ensure they are safe and suitable to work with children and young people. It is important that every person who works with children under the auspices of this church upholds and exemplifies our Christian beliefs and values, especially in their interaction with children and other vulnerable people.

- 1. Our statements of commitment to child safety and our behavioural expectations of employees and volunteers are included in all advertisements and Job Descriptions.
- 2. We will conduct thorough screening to determine whether a prospective staff member, contractor, volunteer or leader may pose a risk to children. This will include Living Water Fellowship leadership making reasonable efforts to gather, verify and

record the following information about a person whom it proposes to engage to perform child-connected work:

- a. Child-related Employment Screening Clearance;
- b. proof of personal identity and any professional or other qualifications;
- c. the person's history of work involving children; and
- d. references that address the person's suitability for the job and working with children.
- 3. The type of evidence that an applicant is required to provide to Living Water Fellowship will vary depending on the type of position that they are applying for. However, Living Water Fellowship will not offer any applicant a position of responsibility until they provide the required evidence to the senior pastor and administration secretary.
- 4. Short-listed applicants will be interviewed by the pastor/activity leaders prior to appointment being made official. The Senior Pastor will make appointments to a specific paid role in the form of an Employment Contract.
- 5. All workers who do not have a current written employment contract are to enter into a ministry/organisational covenant dealing with their suitability to be workers and agreeing to these child protection policies, procedures and the Code of Conduct.

#### 3.2 Support and Training

**We provide a system of induction, support and supervision** so people feel valued, respected and fairly treated. This system will train and guide our staff and volunteers in their interactions with children and clear procedures for managing programs and activities.

- Staff and volunteers are provided with a copy of this Child Protection Policy, Code of Conduct and Procedures that defines unacceptable conduct, boundaries and expectations for behaviour. Staff will sign a pledge stating they have read, understand and will comply with guidelines and follow procedures faithfully. (See Section 2 p.16)
- 2. 'Refresh, Renew, Update' sessions are run for all program staff and volunteers, to ensure staff and volunteers awareness of the importance of child safety and familiarity with child protective practices and reporting expectations, and where there have been changes to legislation or practice.
- 3. Paid staff and the leadership team will attend workshop/training sessions organised by the denomination or other Registered Training Organisations.

## 4. Reporting and Investigation of Suspected Child Abuse

Child abuse, especially sexual abuse of a child must be reported, where a reasonable belief is held that the child concerned has been abused, is being or is likely to be abused. A responsible adult can come to a reasonable belief through:

- i. Disclosure by a child about abuse to his or her self.
- ii. Disclosure by another child or an adult about abuse to a child, or
- iii. Direct observation of the abuse or evidence of it by the reporting adult.

The identity of the abuser and the circumstances of the event determine the procedure that should be followed by the leadership, employees or volunteers of Living Water Fellowship.

#### 4.1 Abuse of a Child Outside of Living Water Fellowship

If a child attending a Living Water Fellowship program discloses abuse against them or to another child by a person **outside of the Living Water Fellowship community**, then the procedures outlined in **Reporting Procedure 1** (Appendix 1 and 1A) must be followed. All such disclosures should be written up on a **Complaints Form** (Appendix 2) and the Child Protection Officer/Senior Pastor informed.

However, it is the duty of the person to whom the disclosure was made to report the matter to either the Police or Child Protection Services (DHHS), following the Reporting Procedure 1. Living Water Fellowship leadership may also decide to make a report.

In this case, *no further investigation by Living Water Fellowship is required*. However, all reasonable steps to protect the child from harm should be taken.

## 4.2 Abuse of a Child by a Living Water Fellowship employee, volunteer or member.

In the case of an allegation being made against staff member, volunteer, leader or contractor at Living Water Fellowship the Child Protection Coordinator will follow the Reporting Procedure in **Procedure 1** (Appendix 1 and 1B) to notify both Living Water Fellowship leadership team and either the Police (if the matter is deemed severe or criminal) or the Child Protection Unit of DHHS.

In this case, then the additional requirements of the **Reportable Conduct Scheme** (See Appendix 3) must also be followed by the Pastor/Steering Team Chairperson summarised here:

Living Water Fellowship will take all steps to ensure that the safety of the child is paramount.

**Step 1.** Ensure that the details of the allegation are recorded on a church **Complaint Form**, and the Senior Pastor or Leadership Team is informed. Report the matter to the Police or DHHS.

**Step 2.** Withdraw the accused person from active duty, which could entail standing down (with pay, where applicable), re-assignment to other duties that do not have direct contact with children, or to work under increased supervision while the matter is being investigated.

**Step 3.** Notify the *NSW Family and Community Services (FACS)* in accordance with the Reportable Conduct Scheme guidelines, that is, within three (3) working days.

**Step 4.** The investigation process should be completed within 30 days of notification, and the report of the investigation, including findings and actions taken (or decision not to act) will be sent to the NSW Family and Community Services (FACS). In some cases it may be appropriate to bring in an investigator from outside Living Water Fellowship, to avoid conflicts of interest.

**Step 5.** When a report is made, the leadership will contact the insurer via GJ Insurance Consulting Pty Ltd. Ph 1300 384 799 or insure@gjic.com.au

#### 4.3 Investigations

Living Water Fellowship will appropriately investigate all allegations relating to an incident of abuse in accordance with its obligations and to the extent reasonably practicable.

In some circumstances, as described by the **Reportable Conduct Scheme**, it may be necessary for Living Water Fellowship to conduct an investigation *in addition to* any investigation conducted by authorities (e.g. the police). Living Water Fellowship may conduct an independent investigation into the allegation to the extent that it will not interfere with investigations by the Department or the police and will co-operate with the authorities as required. All people covered by this Child Protection Policy, Code of Conduct and Procedure must co-operate fully with any investigation by the Department, the police or Living Water Fellowship.

In some circumstances, it may be appropriate for Living Water Fellowship to engage a person (or persons) from outside Living Water Fellowship to conduct an independent investigation in relation to allegations. <sup>2</sup>

Living Water Fellowship will make every effort to keep any such investigation confidential; however, from time to time other employees, leaders, volunteers and contractors may need to be consulted in conjunction with the investigation (e.g. to provide witness statements).

#### 4.4 Case management

In the event of a child disclosing an incident of abuse to someone they trust it is essential that it is dealt with swiftly, sensitively and professionally.

An investigation conducted by Living Water Fellowship will be conducted in accordance with procedural fairness to protect the integrity of the investigation and the interests of all the participants involved in the investigation. Living Water Fellowship will also handle the

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> It is important to have an arrangement in place. The investigator must be a person of experience and qualification, maybe with a role in the wider church association or sourced through GJIC Insurance.

allegations in a confidential manner to the greatest extent possible. The outcome will depend on the findings of the investigation, but may be (but not limited to):

- withdrawal from current role;
- re-assignment to duties with no contact with children;
- increased supervision;
- disciplinary action, dismissal or criminal prosecution.

## **5 Risk Management**

Living Water Fellowship will ensure that child safety is a part of its overall approach to risk management.

Risk assessment and management practices are embedded in our procedures for all services, programs or activities authorised by Living Water Fellowship. We use these practices to inform our planning and implementing of all aspects of operation at Living Water Fellowship.

Risk management applies to Work Health and Safety generally and is covered in more detail in the Living Water Fellowship Work Health and Safety Policy, Living Water Fellowship Risk Management Procedure and Living Water Fellowship Emergency Management Procedure. This policy applies specifically to the minimising of risks of abuse of any kind to children who are in our care and to ensuring their physical safety in the buildings or activities of Living Water Fellowship. Living Water Fellowship has zero tolerance of child abuse of any kind.

In situations where a person seeks to attend or join Living Water Fellowship with a record of offending in child abuse of any kind, the leadership will put in place appropriate boundaries restricting access, to ensure the safety of children. This is not to say that such a person, with a proven reformed attitude, cannot be received into fellowship and benefit from the pastoral care of Living Water Fellowship.

Living Water Fellowship will have a risk and compliance sub group<sup>3</sup> within the Resource Stewardship Group committed to identifying and managing risks within Living Water Fellowship and its environment.

If the risk and compliance sub group identifies risks of child abuse occurring in Living Water Fellowship or its environment the committee will make a record of those risks and specify the action(s) the Living Water Fellowship will take to reduce or remove the risks (i.e. risk controls). As part of its risk management strategy and practices, the risk and compliance sub group will monitor and evaluate the effectiveness of the implementation of its risk controls.

A **Child Protection Officer** is appointed by the leadership for responding to complaints made by staff, contractors, volunteers, children or other attendees and members of the congregation.<sup>4</sup>

The Child Protection Officer (CPO) will be identified and their role explained at appropriate times in Living Water Fellowship year. Guests, staff and volunteers are expected to use either the **Complaints Form** or the **Incident Form** to note concerns arising from observations or

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> This may be a function of the Board or governing body, rather than a separate group. If so, there should be a standard Agenda item re Risk Management in meetings.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>This person is mature, experienced and readily accessible during those times children are on site, but does not directly work with children. The Child Safety Officer is appointed by the church leadership is accountable to the Senior Pastor (the CPO **should not** be the Senior Pastor!). The CPO has access to the Complaints and Incident Forms and is familiar with the legal requirements applying to the reporting of abuse against children.

experience. (See Appendices 2 and 5) Copies of these forms will be kept in Living Water Fellowship Office by the CPO.

## **6 Record Keeping**

All reports of alleged abuse or harm, or risk thereof, must be recorded in the form of a Complaint or Incident Report. This will record places, times, dates, names of people, observable behaviours or evidence of harm. Reports must be securely stored by the CPO. They provide valuable legal documents for any investigations and demonstrate Living Water Fellowship's due diligence.

## 7 Privacy and Confidentiality

Living Water Fellowship will collect, use, disclose and hold personal information of all people who fulfil a role within Living Water Fellowship, in accordance with relevant privacy legislation. Such data will be securely stored and protected.

As much as is reasonably possible, an individual's confidentiality is to be protected. Both those who are making reports and those about whom accusations are being made are entitled to confidentiality. Where there is suspected abuse or misconduct, staff members, leaders, volunteers and contractors must not disclose or make use of the information in a manner that breaches confidentiality, other than to report and act in a way consistent with the Child Protection Policy, Code of Conduct and Procedure, and relevant statutory requirements.

## Section 2. CODE OF CONDUCT

#### 1.1 Purpose:

Living Water Fellowship is a group of followers of Jesus Christ in Wagga Wagga, New South Wales seeking to reflect the teachings of Christ and of the New Testament with integrity and humility. Beyond personal faith in the redeeming work of Christ in His death and resurrection, we accept that our faith is worked out and expressed in the quality of relationships we develop as a church community and all those with whom we interact in our daily lives. Jesus summarised God's expectation for the conduct of His people into one famous and succinct sentence: 'You shall love the Lord your God with all your heart, soul, mind and strength, and your neighbours as yourself.' He reinforced this 'law of love' by adding, 'By this shall all men know that you are my disciples; you love one another!' Jesus also taught and demonstrated the importance of truth and honesty, of justice and mercy as essential to healthy relationships.

This **Code of Conduct** seeks to apply to the ministerial, or pastoral relationship those ethical standards that God expects of all people. People in various forms of recognised ministry are therefore expected to be examples and models of Christian faith and practice. It is the duty of any person in a ministry position not to use the influence or authority of their position for personal gain, whether that gain is financial or in terms of power, sexual gratification, or otherwise. This includes any action, verbal, written or electronic, physical or emotional that could be interpreted as emotional, sexual or spiritual abuse, and applies especially when working with children. We recognize the power differential between children and adults in ministry roles, and these guidelines seek to ensure that such a power is not used to harm children or any vulnerable person.

The adoption of this **Code of Conduct** and the related **Procedural Documents** for investigating breaches of the Code, reflects a deep desire for an open, accountable process that seeks to express justice, acceptance and compassion to all parties, rather than to protect the organization.

#### 1.2 Our Commitment

Our commitment to expressing the love of Christ leads us to the view that all people should be able to live, work and learn in an environment that is free from abuse of any kind. Our commitment is to cultivate an environment and culture where a diversity of people, regardless of age, gender, race and culture can thrive and grow holistically. That is, we are committed to Living Water Fellowship being a safe place for all people, with a special focus on the safety and wellbeing of children.

This **Code of Conduct** aims to <u>detail the standards of conduct</u> expected by staff (paid and voluntary) in the performance of their duties in working with children and to provide <u>guidance</u> in areas where there is a need to make personal and ethical decisions.

The **Code of Conduct** recognises and is aligned with all statutory and compliance requirements enshrined in State and Federal law. Living Water Fellowship is committed to operating in accordance with the law in all its operations.

## 2. Specific Expectations to Protect Children from Abuse

All those who minister or work under the auspices of Living Water Fellowship with children should be fully aware of the **Child Protection Policy** and **Code of Conduct.** Abusive behaviour towards children will not be tolerated. Any and all allegations will be investigated and reported if found to be substantially true.

#### 2.1 DO:

All people involved in the care of children on behalf of, or in connection with, **Living Water Fellowship** must:

- contact the police if a child is at immediate risk of abuse (telephone '000');
- adhere to the Child Protection Policy and Procedure and uphold the Living Water Fellowship's commitment to child safety at all times;
- take all reasonable steps to protect children from abuse, recognising you duty of care;
- conduct themselves in a manner consistent with their position as an employee, volunteer, leader or contractor of Living Water Fellowship and as a positive role model to children and young people;
- work towards the achievement of the aims and purposes of Living Water Fellowship;
- be responsible for relevant administration of programs and activities in their area;
- > establish and maintain a child-safe environment in the course of their work;
- be fair, considerate and honest with others;
- treat children and young people with respect. Value their ideas, opinions and consider their age, background and abilities;

- promote the cultural safety, participation and empowerment of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Island children (for example, by never questioning an Aboriginal and Torres Strait Island child's self-identification);
- promote the safety, participation and empowerment of children with culturally and/or linguistically diverse backgrounds (for example, by having a zero tolerance of discrimination);
- promote the safety, participation and empowerment of children with a disability;
- ➤ listen and respond to the views and concerns of children, particularly if they are telling you that they are or another child has been abused or that they are worried about their safety/the safety of another child;
- ensure (as far as practicable) that adults are not alone with a child, or, at least, observable by another adult.
- raise concerns about suspected abuse with the Child Protection Officer or a leader as soon as possible;
- > comply with all reporting obligations as they relate to reporting under legislation;
- record and act upon all allegations or suspicions of abuse, discrimination or harassment;
- if an allegation of child abuse is made, ensure that, as quickly as possible, the immediate and ongoing safety of the child or children;
- be professional, consistent and responsible in all your actions;
- maintain strict impartiality;
- respect confidentiality when sharing information about children in accordance with the Child Protection Policy and Procedures and your reporting obligations;

#### **2.2 DO NOT:**

All people involved in the care of children on behalf of Living Water Fellowship must not:

- ignore or disregard any suspected or disclosed child abuse;
- > put a child at risk of abuse (for example, by locking doors for an improper reason);
- > speak to a child in a way that is or could be construed by any observer as harsh, threatening, intimidating, shaming, derogatory, demeaning, or humiliating. Some examples are:
  - o swearing or using inappropriate language in the presence of a child;
  - yelling at a child, except in an emergency situation where the child's safety may be in danger;
  - o dealing with a child in anger; and
  - using hurtful sarcasm.
- discuss sexual activities with a child, unless it is a specific job requirement and the person is trained or qualified to discuss these matters;
- have private contact with a child outside of church activities without the knowledge and/or consent of Living Water Fellowship's leadership;
- have any online contact with a child (including by social media, email, instant messaging etc.) or their family (unless necessary and approved by Living Water Fellowship and the child's parents/guardians);
- use any personal communication channels/devices such as a personal email account or social media to communicate with a child without parental knowledge;
- exchange personal contact details such as phone number, social networking sites or email addresses with a child (unless necessary and approved by Living Water Fellowship and the child's parents/guardians as the agreed form of communication);
- use, possess, or be under the influence of alcohol while in the presence of or while supervising a child (unless your contact with the child is accidental/incidental and you are not performing your duties as directed by Living Water Fellowship);
- > use, possess, or be under the influence of illegal drugs while in the presence of or while supervising a child;
- provide or allow a child to consume alcohol;
- provide or allow a child to consume illegal drugs;
- initiate unnecessary physical contact with a child or young person, or do things of a personal nature for them that they can do for themselves;

- engage in rough physical games, hold, massage, kiss, cuddle or touch a child in an inappropriate and or/culturally insensitive way;
- engage in any sexual contact with a child for any purpose;
- ➤ take a child to your home or encourage meetings outside program activities (unless necessary and approved by Living Water Fellowship and the child's parents/guardians);
- be naked in the presence of a child;
- possess sexually explicit printed materials (magazines, cards, videos, films, clothing, etc.) in the presence of children;
- sleep in the same bed, sleeping bag, room or tent with a single child;
- discriminate against any child, on the basis of age, gender, race, culture, sexuality, or disability;
- engage in any activity with a child that is likely to emotionally harm them (e.g.watch a movie that is age or content inappropriate for a child);
- be alone with a child unnecessarily and for more than a very short time, unless you are observable by another adult or it is unavoidable;
- develop a 'special' relationship with a specific child for their own needs;
- show favouritism through the provision of gifts or inappropriate attention;
- photograph or video a child without the consent of the child and his/her parents or guardians;
- do anything in contravention of Living Water Fellowship's policies, procedures or this Code.

## **DECLARATION**

l,	, have read the Code of Conduct and th	e Child Protection Policy and	
Procedures that express the intent of Living Water Fellowship to protect and nurture children and other vulnerable people.			
I agree to comply with these rules and expectations. I understand that if I breach the Code of Conduct or commit an act of serious misconduct or break the law, this may lead to my:			
<ul> <li>suspension from duties during investigation of allegations against me;</li> <li>termination of employment without notice or payment in lieu (summary or instant dismissal);</li> <li>being reported to the police and charged with a criminal offence.</li> </ul>			
Signed	<b>:</b>	Date: / / 20	
Signed	: Employer or Senior officer of Living Water Fellowship	Date: / / 20	

## Section 3. CHILD PROTECTION PROCEDURES & FORMS

#### 3.1 Complaints and Allegations

Any person who believes a child is in immediate risk of abuse should telephone 000.

Certain professions are referred to as 'mandatory reporters'. This includes medical practitioners, nurses (including school nurses), members of the police force, counsellors and primary and secondary teachers and principals. Penalties may be incurred by those named as 'mandatory reporters' if they fail to notify the Child Protection agency if they have reasonable grounds for a belief (not proof!) that a child or young person is in need of protection, because they have suffered, or are likely to suffer significant harm, particularly physical or sexual abuse.

In addition to the mandatory reporting obligations above, **any person** who believes on reasonable grounds that a child is in need of protection from child abuse, should disclose that information to the Police or the Child Protection. In Victoria 'Failure to Report' is a crime!

### 3.2 When is a child in need of protection?

A child is in need of protection if any of the following grounds exist—

- a) the child has been abandoned by his or her parents;
- b) the child's parents are dead or incapacitated and there is no other suitable person willing and able to care for the child;
- the child has suffered, or is likely to suffer, significant harm as a result of physical injury and the child's parents have not protected, or are unlikely to protect, the child from harm of that type;
- d) the child has suffered, or is likely to suffer, significant harm as a result of sexual abuse and the child's parents have not protected, or are unlikely to protect, the child from harm of that type;
- e) the child has suffered, or is likely to suffer, emotional or psychological harm of such a kind that the child's emotional or intellectual development is, or is likely to be, significantly damaged and the child's parents have not protected, or are unlikely to protect, the child from harm of that type;
- f) the child's physical development or health has been, or is likely to be, significantly harmed and the child's parents have not provided, arranged or allowed the provision of, or are unlikely to provide, arrange or allow the provision of, basic care or effective medical, surgical or other remedial care.

## 3.3 Making and Managing an Allegation of Abuse

1. Where possible, any person (including a child or parent) making an allegation of child abuse should be encouraged to fill out a **Complaints Form** (Appendix 2) and give this to the CPO. If they are not willing or able to fill out the Form, the CPO (or other leader) may take notes and fill out the form at a later time. The CPO will share the allegation with the senior leader of Living Water Fellowship. A copy of this Form must be kept by the CPO. The complainant may keep the original. This is an essential record of the event.

If a child is concerned about their own safety or the safety of another person, the child may speak to the **Child Protection Officer (CPO)**. The CPO will meet with the complainant, and hear the story, taking notes and seeking clarification, ensuring that the complainant feels listened to, understood and protected. (Some complaints may be able to be dealt with at this time, where there is misunderstanding, a lack of evidence of any abuse or no <u>reportable act</u> has been committed.)

- 2. Any responsible adult should, if they have come to a reasonable belief that abuse of a child has happened, is or is likely to happen, follow the steps outlined in **Reporting Procedure 1** (Appendix 1A) below. This includes senior leadership, or any concerned member of Living Water Fellowship.
- 3. If the allegation is made against an employee, volunteer or worker in a church program or activity, then the senior pastor/ Steering Team Chairperson must ALSO follow the steps outline in **Reporting Procedure 2:** (Appendix 1B)

#### **Appendix 1.** Reporting Procedure 1

#### 1. Clarifying, Recording Evidence and Specific Information about the Child

A Report is required if you believe, based on reasonable grounds, that a child has suffered, or is at risk of suffering, significant harm as a result of physical, sexual, emotional abuse or neglect AND that the child's parents or caregivers have not, or are unlikely to, protect the child from such harm.

The following information will be required when making a formal report to either the Police or Child Protection Services.

- The child's name, age (date of birth is preferable) and address
- The name, age and address of any known siblings
- Your reasons (observations or disclosures) for believing that the child is at risk of abuse, or actually being abused or neglected
- Your assessment of the immediate danger to the child
- Current whereabouts of the child or vulnerable person (if not in the home)
- Your description of injuries or 'sign' behaviours you have observed
- Any other information you may have of relevance to the investigation

#### 2. Fill out a Complaints Report Form (Appendix 3)

N.B. You do not have to be given permission by church authorities to make such a report. Your identity as notifier will remain confidential unless you choose to inform the child or family.

**3. Reporting.** Making a report is to lay a serious allegation of a criminal offence against another person, so clarify your perceptions carefully before reporting.

You can make your report to:

- Living Water Fellowship Child Protection Officer, using a Complaint Form. Attach your notes to the form, keeping a copy. Please note, the CPO will inform the senior leadership of the church of your report, and they will act in accordance to law. You may still make an independent report to:
- **The Police.** (Ring 000) The police are the most appropriate first responders if the report is regarding abuse that is immediate, criminal or endangering the child either on church premises in another location.

#### • Child Protection Services NSW

Child Protection Helpline: 132 111- 24/7 specialist unit

National Child Abuse Helpline: 1800 99 10 99 Mon- Friday 9am -5pm

http://www.community.nsw.gov.au/preventing-child-abuse-and-neglect/reporting-suspected-abuse-or-neglect

HYPERLINK "https://www.childwise.org.au/page/41/state-legislation-reporting-nsw" https://www.childwise.org.au/page/41/state-legislation-reporting-nsw

#### **Appendix 1A Reporting Procedure 1**

#### Reporting Child Abuse – External to your Workplace

The chart below outlines the process that a person working with children in a specific setting should follow to protect a vulnerable child from actual or possible abuse, from someone with no relationship or connection with the organisation.

By a child who is being **Disclosure** 

By another child or adult By personal observation

abused.

'Reasonable Belief'

Through observation, listening, checking with other adults you come to a *reasonable belief* that a child <u>has been</u> abused, <u>is being</u> or <u>in danger</u>

of being abused. (See definitions of abuse)

Make notes of observations and information gathered. Record data Recording/Documenting

on the name, age, gender, current location or address of the child; describe any visible injuries or relevant behaviours; any info on the

abuser (if known). Do not interrogate the child! Fill out a Complaint Report Form, if possible.

Criminal - sexual or Misconduct: physical, emotional Severity

abuse, bullying or severe neglect. physical abuse, grooming.

**Child Protection Services** The Police Risk of immediate harm or risk For relevant numbers see Report to: the following pages to life: Call 000

 $\label{logical complaint Report Form with \ensuremath{\textbf{Child Protection Officer}} \ or \ and \ an arrow of the logical complaint \ensuremath{\textbf{Report Form with Child Protection Officer}} \ or \ and \ or \ an arrow of \ an arrow of \ arrow$ <Head of entity>.

These officers may also report to the appropriate agencies.

There is nothing else you need to do, as a responsible adult.

Your identity as notifier will remain confidential unless you choose to inform the child or family.

#### **Appendix 1 B** Reporting Procedure 2.

#### Reporting Child Abuse - In your Workplace

The chart below outlines the process that a person working with children in a specific setting should follow to protect a vulnerable child from actual or possible abuse, from someone who is an employee, volunteer, member or adherent of the church or organisation. Even if you know the person as a colleague, your first duty of care is to safeguard the child.

By a child By another By personal who is being child or adult observation

**Disclosure** who is bell abused.

'Reasonable Belief'

Through observation, listening, checking with other adults you come to a *reasonable belief* that a child <u>has been</u> abused, <u>is being</u>

or in danger of being abused. (See definitions of abuse)

**Recording/Documenting** Make notes of observations and information gathered. Record

data: the name, age, gender, current location or address of the child; describe any visible injuries or relevant behaviours. Note the identity of the abuser. *Do not* confront this person,

unless to protect a child from immediate danger.

Do not interrogate the child!

Fill out a Complaint Report Form if possible, even if you wish to

also make a verbal complaint.

Severity Criminal – sexual or Misconduct: sexual, physical,

physical abuse, grooming. emotional or severe neglect.

The Police Child Protection Services
Ring: 000 (1300 655 795 BH, or 13 12 78

Report to: Immediately! AH)

Lodge Complaint Report Form with **Child Protection Officer** or <Head of entity>.

These officers may also report to the appropriate agencies.

There is nothing else you need to do, as a responsible adult. Your identity as notifier will remain confidential unless you choose to inform the child or family.

#### Reporting Obligations of the 'Head of Entity' under a Reportable Conduct Scheme:

Notify: 'head of entity has 3 working days to notify the Agency responsible for of a

reportable conduct allegations.

**Investigate:** You **must investigate** an allegation (subject to Police clearance on criminal

matters); advise the Agency as to who is investigating; manage the immediate to children (e.g. remove alleged offender from any contact with children)

risks to children (e.g. remove alleged offender from any contact with children) **Update:** Within 30 days, provide a report which updates the Agency with information

and actions you have taken.

**Outcomes:** Notify the Agency of findings and actions (or why non action was taken).

## **APPENDIX 2. Complaint Report Form (Example only)**

Please use this Form to make a Formal Complaint regarding discrimination or abuse of any kind towards yourself or another person, including a child. Please read the Code of Conduct Document before using this form.

four Name:s the complaint about offending behaviour:	(If applicable) Role at Living Water Fellowship:
s the complaint about offending behaviour:	
	Who was the victim of the behaviour?
a. Directed towards you? Yes / No	Name:
o, Concerning a child? <b>Yes / No</b>	Date of Birth: / / Age:
a. About a vulnerable person? Yes / No	Address:
Please briefly, but accurately, describe the alleged Report Form. (Keep to the facts, without interpre	d behaviour about which you are lodging this Complaint
Who was the offending person?	
What abusive behaviour did you observe or com	ne to hear about?
	nt?child injured?
Where did the event/behaviour take place?	
Nere there other witnesses? If so, provide name	e(s)
What is the level of risk to the victim now? (Low	ı – High; Immediate – possible)
Any other comments:	
Statement of Intents Leading this considerate.	Lainearity, young mining that such a gazartatus and ba
	sincerity, recognising that such a complaint may have a d. I will act in good faith in the process and accept the ruling ansparent.
iigned:	_ Date: / / 20
Nitness: (Print name)	Date: / / 20

## **APPENDIX 3. Managing Complaints and Investigations**

#### **COMPLAINT REPORT MANAGEMENT and INVESTIGATION PROCESS**

COME PART REPORT MANAGEMENT UNIT MANAGEMENT UNIT MOCESS			
	On Complaints Report Form		
Complaint or allegation received	Provided as a written text		
	Received verball	y, recorded as notes	
Complaint registered in system	(in a Complaints Register) Identify the complainant.		
Initial assessment by Senior <leader></leader>	Is complaint low level: misconduct, non-sexual, non-criminal; dispute between students or student-teacher	Is the complaint medium level: reportable misconduct; sexual, physical, emotional or neglect; negligence; abuse of power; Risk to reputation of College	Is the complaint high level: criminal, sexual or physical abuse; between students; teacher- student; other adult. Risk to person or company (College)
	Α	В	С
Allocation to Investigator	Senior <leader> or <b>Delegate</b><sup>1</sup></leader>	Senior <leader> <i>or</i> delegate</leader>	Police or Child Protection Agency
Acknowledge complaint	Formal letter, from the Senior Leader / Board Chair acknowledging complaint and advising of steps the College will take in investigation, or that the matter has been referred to the Police or another agency.		
Investigation and Report	The investigation must be timely (immediate, if possible), thorough, fair and impartial. Interviews may be audio recorded or, if notes only are taken, signed off by the interviewee as fair and accurate. For criminal matters, clearance must be given by Gov't agencies before investigation.		
	Written report to the <board> by the Investigator.  DECISION</board>		
Findings (for A or B)	Complaint substant or partially substant		it not substantiated o answer.
Actions	a. Criminal Justice de     b. Consequences (int     fair and approprial     things considered.     c. Communication –     church community     respecting privacy     regulations	ternal) exonera te, all person; b. Letter to to the findings, open, sh findings, c. Restora	d immediate tion of the accused the complainant re and further options ould they dispute the tive actions – promoting ess, healing and growth.

 $<sup>^{1}</sup>$  If there is **any** conflict of interest, an investigator should be appointed by the Governing body, especially if the matter was cleared by the Police after their initial investigation.

#### Appendix 4. THE REPORTABLE CONDUCT SCHEME (Victoria)

THE REPORTABLE CONDUCT SCHEME outlines a series of responsibilities for the 'head of entity' (Senior Pastor) to undertake, where an allegation has been made about child abuse against a person who is acting for Living Water Fellowship or participating in activities run by Living Water Fellowship.

The following information is provided by the Commission for Children and Young People.

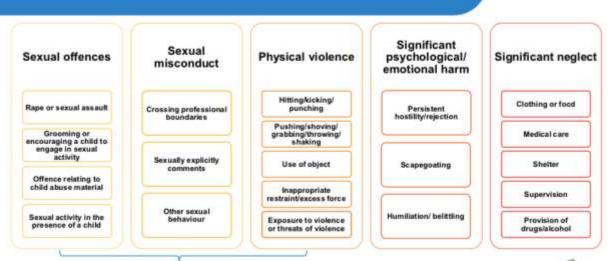
## What is the head of an organisation required to do?

## The head of the organisation is required to:

- have systems in place to:
  - prevent reportable conduct from being committed
  - enable reportable allegations to be made
  - · investigate and respond to reportable allegations
  - report allegations of criminal conduct or suspected criminal conduct to police
- ensure allegations are appropriately investigated
- notify the Commission of reportable allegations and provide updates and outcome of the findings.



## Types of reportable conduct



committed against, with or in the presence of, a child



## What are you required to do?



 The head of an organisation must notify the Commission within 3 working days of becoming aware of a reportable allegation



- · You must investigate an allegation subject to Police clearance on criminal matters
- · You must advise the Commission who is undertaking the investigation
- · You must manage the risks to children

Update

 Within 30 calendar days you must provide the Commission detailed information about the reportable allegation and any action you have taken.



 You must notify the Commission of the investigation findings and disciplinary actions the head of entity has taken (or why no action was taken)



## What information will the Commission receive?

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#### 3 day notification

- Name of
- employee
   Date of birth
- Report to Police
- Details about your organisation
- Initial advice on nature of allegation

#### 30 day update

- Details of allegation
- Details of your response
- Details about any disciplinary or other action proposed
- Written response from employee relating to disciplinary or other action (if any)

## Advice on investigator

- Name of investigator
- · Contact details
- As soon as practicable

## Outcomes of investigation

- Copy of findings and reasons
- Details of disciplinary or other actions and reasons
- Reasons for taking or not taking action
- As soon as practicable

## Additional documents

 Any request made by CCYP in writing for information or documents



A more complete outline of the elements of the Reportable Conduct Scheme can be found at:

https://ccyp.vic.gov.au/child-safety/resources/reportable-conduct-scheme-information-sheets/

## APPENDIX 5 INCIDENT REPORT [Example only]

This form is to record the details of any incident involving the writer of the report, especially where there was an accident, near miss or emotional reaction involving another person, or if the writer of this report has been accused of child sexual abuse or other misconduct.

Name:	Phone contact:	
Date of Incident://201	Time of Incident:	am /pm
Location of Incident on Site:		
Name (s) of anyone else involved in the inciden	t:	
Provide the name and contact details of any wi view.	tnesses of the incident who can pro	vide additional evidence or
1.Name:	Mobile:	
2. Name:	Mobile:	
Please describe what happened, your actions a not give your opinion about other's motives or		words of others involved. Do
·		
·		
·		
		_
·		
<u>.                                    </u>		
<u>.</u>		
·		
I, (Print name): in the details I have provided.	hereby declare that what I ha	ve written is true and accurate
Signed:	Date://201_	-

#### APPENDIX 6 Definitions of Abuse against Children

#### Child abuse includes:

Any act committed against a child involving

- a. a sexual offence; or
- b. an offence under section 498(2) of the Crimes Act 1958 (grooming); and
- c. the infliction, on a child, of
  - i. physical violence; or
  - ii. serious emotional or psychological harm; and
- d. serious neglect of a child.

"Child" means a person under the age of 18 years unless otherwise stated under the law applicable to the child. Collective term for "child" is "children".

There are five common types of abuse: physical, sexual, emotional, neglect and racial/cultural

#### 1. Physical Abuse

Physical abuse is any non-accidental physical injury resulting from practices such as:

- Hitting, punching, kicking, beating (marks from belt buckles, fingers).
- Shaking (particularly babies).
- Burning (irons, cigarettes), biting, pulling out hair.
- Alcohol or other drug administration.

#### 2. Sexual Abuse, including 'grooming'

- 2.1 Sexual abuse is any sexual act or threat to perform such upon another person. It occurs when a person uses their power and authority to take advantage of another's trust to involve them in sexual activity. It does not necessarily involve genital contact but is any act which erodes the sexual boundary between two persons. It may appear consensual but the validity of consent is negated by the power differential.
- 2.2 Sexual grooming is a pattern of behaviour aimed at engaging a child, as a precursor to sexual abuse. Examples include inappropriate special time with the child, inappropriately giving gifts, 'accidental touching', allowing the child to sit on lap, having secrets. In isolation, such behaviours may not indicate the risk of abuse occurring, but if there is a pattern of behaviour occurring, it may indicate grooming.
  Grooming behaviours often mimic the kind of relationship-developing strategies that Christian ministries use for the benefit and wellbeing of children, that is, gaining the trust of the child, demonstrating care and concern, spending time, visiting in the home, finding out about family, friends and hobbies. However, grooming to involve a child in sexual activities for the personal gratification of an adult is a crime.

#### 3. <u>Emotional or Psychological Abuse</u>

Emotional abuse is the chronic attitude or behavior of one person, which is directed at another person, or, the creation of an emotional environment which erodes a child's development, self-esteem and social confidence over time. Behaviours may include: devaluing, ignoring, rejecting, corrupting, isolating, terrorising or chronic and extreme domestic violence in the child's presence.

#### 4. Neglect

Neglect is characterised by the failure to provide for the child's basic needs. And includes any serious omission or commission which jeopardises or impairs a person's development. Examples include the failure to provide food, shelter, adequate hygiene or schooling for a child.

#### 5. **Bullying**

Bullying can be defined as repeated, unreasonable, unwanted behaviour conducted by an individual or group against another person, which has a negative impact on health and wellbeing. This includes aggression, verbal, emotional/psychological or physical acts or the use of social media or other forms of communication that intimidates, humiliates or threatens. It often involves an abuse of a power differential between the bully and the victim.

#### Other Forms of Abuse

#### 6. Racial, cultural or religious abuse

Racial abuse is any harmful conduct that discriminates against, or demonstrates contempt, ridicule, hatred or negativity towards a child because of their race, ethnic origin, skin colour or other evidence of 'difference'. It may be overt, such as racial vilification or discrimination, or covert, such as demonstrating a lack of cultural sensitivity or positive ideas about a different ethnicity.

Religious or cultural abuse is similar to racial abuse, but is directed towards expressions of religious faith or practice or cultural dress, identifying styles of cultural expression or practices.

'The harm that is caused by racial, religious or cultural abuse targets the child's identity.'

#### 7. Spiritual abuse

This involves the perpetrator using their position of authority in Living Water Fellowship or higher understanding of biblical teaching or God's will to manipulate a child for their own use or benefit, or to pressure a child using guilt, shame, or a strong "works" based ethic. This is not reportable to a Government Child Protection agency, although in extreme circumstances can be classified as emotional abuse.

#### 8. Cyber-bullying

Cyber-bullying occurs when a person uses any form of telecommunication to sexually groom, bully, suggest an inappropriate relationship be formed, or engage a child in sexual language or behaviours. The explosion of electronic communications (Facebook and other social media sites, text-messaging, internet chat rooms etc.) has seen a sharp increase in cyber-bullying.

#### STATISTICS OF ABUSE

It is very difficult to know precisely the amount of child abuse that occurs in Australia, as many acts go unreported. Statistics of reported acts, though, are available through government agencies. Child Protection Australia 2010-11 report reported that there were 237, 273 notifications of child abuse involving 163,767 children in Australia. The Australian Institute of Health and Welfare (2002) revealed the following breakup of perpetrators: 74% natural parent, 10% step-parent or de facto, 7% other relative or sibling, 5% friend or neighbour, 4% others (including strangers). The reality of abuse in Australia is a lot worse than the statistics. There are estimates that as many as 1 in 20 men in Australia may sexually offend against a child. As many as 1 in 5 children will be sexually abused during their childhood. On average, it takes a girl 7 years to tell someone about such abuse, and for men the average is well over 25 years, if they ever do.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> NSW and Act Baptist Churches, *Creating Safe Spaces Manual 2012 v1.3, p11* 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Ibid.

## and mark on the line, somewhere between "Not at all!' and 'Absolutely!'. 1. I feel welcomed and looked after when I come to this church.. Mostly Absolutely! Not at all. 2. My parents like and follow the log-in process and arrangements for my care. Not at all. Mostly Absolutely! 3. I know which toilets to use and feel safe when using them. Absolutely! Mostly Not at all. There are good spaces for activities and learning times. Not at all. Mostly Absolutely! The activities are fun, challenging and well-organised. Mostly Not at all. Absolutely! I feel safe and relaxed while I am in the children's programs. Not at all. Mostly Absolutely! 7. I feel that the leaders know what they are doing and are looking after me. Mostly Absolutely! Not at all. The leaders are friendly and respectful of my friends and me. Absolutely! Not at all. Mostly If I am worried or upset, I know who I can go to for help. Mostly Not at all. Absolutely! I would recommend this church program as great for kids.

Mostly

Not at all.

APPENDIX 7 (Example) Feedback Survey of Children. Name:\_\_\_\_\_\_

This survey is your chance to have a say about the children's programs. Think about each statement

Absolutely!

## Appendix 8

## MEDICAL & HEALTH INFORMATION – SPECIAL EVENT (EXAMPLE)

	(Surname)	(Christian name)	Date of Birth
Is your child tak	ng any regular or curr	ently prescribed medication?	YES / NO
If so, please nan	ne the medication and	I provide details of dosage and adminis	tration
Your child's lead	er will administer med	dication to your child as directed by wri medication along with the dosage and a	tten instructions from you. Please
Is there anything activity?	g about your child's he	ealth which means that s/he should eng	gage in only limited physical YES / NO
If so, please give	details		
Does your child	require a special diet	because of health problems?	YES / NO
If so, please give	details		
Is there any other	er information which i	may help us care for your child?	YES / NO
If so, please give	details		
ergency contact 1.	Name:		Mobile:
ergency contact 2.	Name:		Лobile:
eferred Medical Cer	ntre/ Doctor:		Phone:
you have private n	nedical insurance? Pro	ovider:	
		AUTHORISATION	
the event of an acc	cident or sudden illnes	ss, I authorise the person in charge to ca	all an ambulance or to seek medica
ention at my exper	nse, should I not be co	ntactable.'	
ned:		Date:/_	/20
Parent/guard	lian/caregiver [Print n	ame if not one of the above]	

## Appendix 9 Example Permission Form

PERMISSION TO ATTEND EVENT/CAMP FORM (EXAMPLE)			
	(**Insert organi	sation name)	
As a parent/caregiver of:			
I,	give my o	consent for him/her to take	
part in the <special activity="" camp<="" or="" td=""><td>&gt;&gt; to be held at the</td><td>(event site)</td></special>	>> to be held at the	(event site)	
fromto	(or c	on)	
(date)	(date)	(date)	
I have seen the attached copy of the and acknowledge that risk of injuried staff will take all due care, I recogni	es is inherent in physical activiti	· · ·	
The staff and supervisors have my ensure the safety, wellbeing and individually in the above-mentione	successful conduct of the p	•	
If my child becomes ill or is acciden my behalf whatever medical treatmexpenses.		_	
I have attached information as as details of his/her limitations for the specialist may be contacted in an e	e planned activity. My child's c	<b>9</b> ,	
I also acknowledge that the <b><churc< b=""></churc<></b>	h> and all its representative le	aders or other helpers at	
<name event="" of=""> can accept no</name>	liability for any personal injury	or property loss suffered	
by my child during the period of the	e <name event="" of="">.</name>		
Signed:Parent/Guardian/Ca	re-giver	Date://20	

#### Appendix 10 MINISTRY/ORGANISATIONAL COVENANT

Ot	<church></church>

		•	
I.			
.,	(Print name)		

- 1. Declare that, except as is stated below,
  - have not been guilty of any sexual misconduct against any person; (1)
  - (2) have never committed any criminal offence involving fraud, violence or drugs;
  - (3) am of good character and suitable for ministry within <Church>.

(If exceptions to the above give details and if insufficient room place them in an attachment).

- 2. Acknowledge I have read and agreed to the <church's> Child Protection Policies, Code of Conduct and the Child Protection Manual of Procedures.
- 3. Agree I will cooperate with the <Church> in any investigation undertaken in relation to a complaint or allegation of impropriety or misconduct made against me.
- 4. Agree I will attend and take part in education courses to prepare and equip me for ministry with children.
- 5. Acknowledge that by signing this covenant no legal contract is created between myself and my <Church> but accept that it acts as a consent for the operation of the Child Protection Policy and the Child Protection Procedure Manual and that legal consequences may follow if I have knowingly given false answers to any of the questions 1 - 4 above.

Signature:	 Witness:
Full name:	Name:
Address:	Date:

#### **APPENDIX 11**

#### **LEGISLATION RELEVANT to CHILD PROTECTION**

Both Federal and State legislation is relevant to the concepts discussed in this policy. This legislation includes:

#### Federal:

Disability Discrimination Act1992

Workplace Gende-r\_EqualityAct2012

Fair Work Act2009

RacialDiscriminationAct1975

Family Law Act, 1975

Sex Discrimination Act1984

Australian Human Rights Commission Act 1986

#### **New South Wales**

#### **Principal Acts:**

Children and Young Persons (Care and Protection) Act 1998

#### Other relevant Acts:

Children and Young Persons (Care and Protection) Amendment (Parental

Responsibility Contracts) Act 2006

Child Protection (Offenders Registration) Act 2000

Crimes Act 1900

Commission for Children and Young People Act 1998

The Ombudsman Act 1974

#### International:

The United Nations Convention on the Rights of the Child (1989)